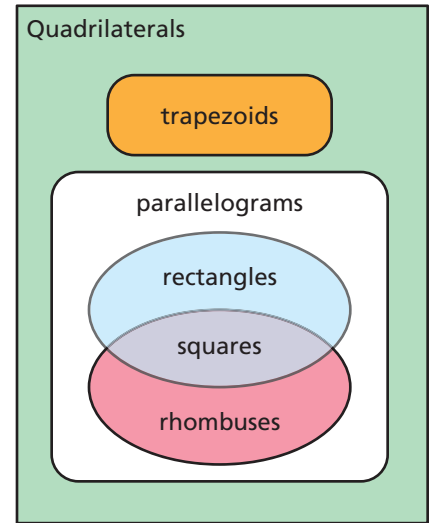


**Key Concept and Vocabulary**

Quadrilateral	Diagram
A <i>trapezoid</i> has exactly 1 pair of parallel sides.	
A <i>parallelogram</i> has 2 pairs of parallel sides	
A <i>rectangle</i> is a parallelogram with 4 right angles.	
A <i>rhombus</i> is a parallelogram with 4 congruent sides.	
A <i>square</i> is a parallelogram with 4 right angles and 4 congruent sides.	

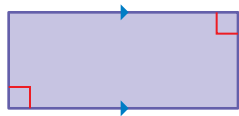


**Visual Model**



**Skill Example**

- The quadrilateral has 4 right angles. The 4 sides are not congruent. The quadrilateral is a rectangle.



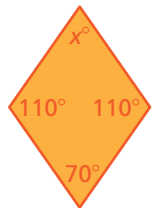
**Application Example**

- The sum of the angle measures of a quadrilateral is  $360^\circ$ . Find the value of  $x$  in the rhombus.

$$x + 110 + 70 + 110 = 360$$

$$x + 290 = 360$$

$$x = 70$$



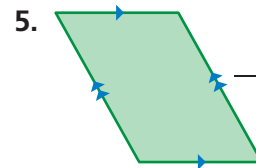
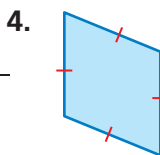
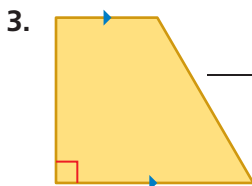
∴ The value of  $x$  is 70.



**PRACTICE MAKES PURR-FECT™**

Check your answers at [BigIdeasMath.com](http://BigIdeasMath.com).

Classify the quadrilateral.



6. **ANGLE MEASURE** Find the value of  $x$  in the quadrilateral. \_\_\_\_\_

7. **RHOMBUS** A quadrilateral has 4 right angles. Can the quadrilateral be classified as a rhombus? Explain.

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

