COMMON CORE STATE STANDARDS TO BOOK CORRELATION

Domain: Ratios and Proportional Relationships

- **6.RP.1** Understand the concept of a ratio and use ratio language to describe a ratio relationship between two quantities.
 - Section 4.2 Percents and Decimals
 - Section 5.1 Ratios
 - Section 5.2 Rates
- **6.RP.2** Understand the concept of a unit rate a/b associated with a ratio a : b with $b \neq 0$, and use rate language in the context of a ratio relationship.
 - Section 5.2 Rates
 - Section 5.3 Solving Rate Problems
- **6.RP.3** Use ratio and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems.
 - **a.** Make tables of equivalent ratios relating quantities with whole-number measurements, find missing values in the tables, and plot the pairs of values on the coordinate plane. Use tables to compare ratios.
 - Section 5.3 Solving Rate Problems
 - **b.** Solve unit rate problems including those involving unit pricing and constant speed.
 - Section 5.2 Rates
 - Section 5.3 Solving Rate Problems
 - **c.** Find a percent of a quantity as a rate per 100; solve problems involving finding the whole, given a part and the percent.
 - Section 4.1 Percents and Fractions
 - Section 4.2 Percents and Decimals
 - **Section 4.4** Finding the Percent of a Number
 - Section 4.5 Percents and Estimation
 - **d.** Use ratio reasoning to convert measurement units; manipulate and transform units appropriately when multiplying or dividing quantities.
 - Section 5.2 Rates
 - Section 5.3 Solving Rate Problems

Domain: The Number System

- **6.NS.1** Interpret and compute quotients of fractions, and solve word problems involving division of fractions by fractions.
 - **Section 2.1** Fractions and Estimation
 - Section 2.2 Multiplying Fractions and Whole Numbers
 - Section 2.3 Multiplying Fractions
 - Section 2.4 Multiplying Mixed Numbers
 - Section 2.5 Dividing Fractions
 - Section 2.6 Dividing Mixed Numbers
 - Section 2.7 Writing Decimals as Fractions
- **6.NS.2** Fluently divide multi-digit numbers using the standard algorithm.
 - Section 2.8 Writing Fractions as Decimals
 - Section 3.4 Dividing Decimals by Whole Numbers
 - Section 3.5 Dividing Decimals
- **6.NS.3** Fluently add, subtract, multiply, and divide multi-digit decimals using the standard algorithm for each operation.
 - Section 3.1 Decimals and Estimation
 - Section 3.2 Multiplying Decimals and Whole Numbers
 - Section 3.3 Multiplying Decimals
 - Section 3.4 Dividing Decimals by Whole Numbers
 - Section 3.5 Dividing Decimals
- **6.NS.4** Find the greatest common factor of two whole numbers less than or equal to 100 and the least common multiple of two whole numbers less than or equal to 12. Use the distributive property to express a sum of two whole numbers 1–100 with a common factor as a multiple of a sum of two whole numbers with no common factor.
 - **Section 1.4** The Distributive Property
- **6.NS.5** Understand that positive and negative numbers are used together to describe quantities having opposite directions or values; use positive and negative numbers to represent quantities in real-world contexts, explaining the meaning of 0 in each situation.
 - **Topic 1** The Number Line
 - **Topic 2** Comparing Numbers
 - **Topic 3** Absolute Value
 - **Topic 4** The Coordinate Plane

- **6.NS.6** Understand a rational number as a point on the number line. Extend number line diagrams and coordinate axes familiar from previous grades to represent points on the line and in the plane with negative number coordinates.
 - **a.** Recognize opposite signs of numbers as indicating locations on opposite sides of 0 on the number line; recognize that the opposite of the opposite of a number is the number itself, and that 0 is its own opposite.
 - **Topic 1** The Number Line
 - **b.** Understand signs of numbers in ordered pairs as indicating locations in quadrants of the coordinate plane; recognize that when two ordered pairs differ only by signs, the locations of the points are related by reflections across one or both axes.
 - **Topic 4** The Coordinate Plane
 - **c.** Find and position integers and other rational numbers on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram; find and position pairs of integers and other rational numbers on a coordinate plane.
 - **Topic 1** The Number Line
 - **Topic 2** Comparing Numbers
 - **Topic 3** Absolute Value
 - **Topic 4** The Coordinate Plane
- 6.NS.7 Understand ordering and absolute value of rational numbers.
 - **a.** Interpret statements of inequality as statements about the relative position of two numbers on a number line diagram.
 - Section 4.3 Comparing and Ordering Fractions, Decimals, and Percents
 - **Topic 2** Comparing Numbers
 - **Topic 3** Absolute Value
 - **b.** Write, interpret, and explain statements of order for rational numbers in real-world contexts.
 - Section 4.3 Comparing and Ordering Fractions, Decimals, and Percents
 - **Topic 2** Comparing Numbers
 - **Topic 3** Absolute Value
 - **c.** Understand the absolute value of a rational number as its distance from 0 on the number line; interpret absolute value as magnitude for a positive or negative quantity in a real-world situation.
 - **Topic 3** Absolute Value
 - d. Distinguish comparisons of absolute value from statements about order.
 - **Topic 3** Absolute Value
- **6.NS.8** Solve real-world and mathematical problems by graphing points in all four quadrants of the coordinate plane. Include use of coordinates and absolute value to find distances between points with the same first coordinate or the same second coordinate.
 - **Topic 4** The Coordinate Plane

Domain: Expressions and Equations

- **6.EE.1** Write and evaluate numerical expressions involving whole-number exponents.
 - **Section 1.1** Evaluating Algebraic Expressions
- **6.EE.2** Write, read, and evaluate expressions in which letters stand for numbers.
 - **a.** Write expressions that record operations with numbers and with letters standing for numbers.
 - Section 1.2 Writing Expressions
 - **b.** Identify parts of an expression using mathematical terms (sum, term, product, factor, quotient, coefficient); view one or more parts of an expression as a single entity.
 - Section 1.2 Writing Expressions
 - Section 1.3 Properties of Addition and Multiplication
 - Section 1.4 The Distributive Property
 - **Section 7.1** Writing Equations in One Variable
 - Section 7.4 Solving Two-Step Equations
 - **c.** Evaluate expressions at specific values of their variables. Include expressions that arise from formulas used in real-world problems. Perform arithmetic operations, including those involving whole-number exponents, in the conventional order when there are no parentheses to specify a particular order (Order of Operations).
 - Section 1.1 Evaluating Algebraic Expressions
 - Section 1.5 Using Formulas to Solve Problems
 - Section 6.1 Circles and Circumference
 - Section 6.2 Perimeters of Composite Figures
 - Section 6.3 Areas of Circles
 - Section 6.4 Areas of Composite Figures
- **6.EE.3** Apply the properties of operations to generate equivalent expressions.
 - Section 1.3 Properties of Addition and Multiplication
 - Section 1.4 The Distributive Property
- **6.EE.4** Identify when two expressions are equivalent.
 - Section 1.3 Properties of Addition and Multiplication
 - **Section 1.4** The Distributive Property

- **6.EE.5** Understand solving an equation or inequality as a process of answering a question: which values from a specified set, if any, make the equation or inequality true? Use substitution to determine whether a given number in a specified set makes an equation or inequality true.
 - **Section 7.2** Solving Equations Using Addition or Subtraction
 - **Section 7.3** Solving Equations Using Multiplication or Division
 - **Section 7.4** Solving Two-Step Equations
 - Section 8.1 Writing and Graphing Inequalities
 - **Section 8.2** Solving Inequalities Using Addition or Subtraction
 - Section 8.3 Solving Inequalities Using Multiplication or Division
 - Section 8.4 Solving Two-Step Inequalities
- **6.EE.6** Use variables to represent numbers and write expressions when solving a real-world or mathematical problem; understand that a variable can represent an unknown number, or, depending on the purpose at hand, any number in a specified set.
 - Section 1.2 Writing Expressions
 - Section 1.3 Properties of Addition and Multiplication
 - Section 1.4 The Distributive Property
- **6.EE.7** Solve real-world and mathematical problems by writing and solving equations of the form x + p = q and px = q for cases in which p, q and x are all nonnegative rational numbers.
 - Section 7.1 Writing Equations in One Variable
 - Section 7.2 Solving Equations Using Addition or Subtraction
 - Section 7.3 Solving Equations Using Multiplication or Division
 - Section 7.4 Solving Two-Step Equations
 - Section 7.5 Finding Dimensions of Plane Figures
- **6.EE.8** Write an inequality of the form x > c or x < c to represent a constraint or condition in a real-world or mathematical problem. Recognize that inequalities of the form x > c or x < c have infinitely many solutions; represent solutions of such inequalities on number line diagrams.
 - Section 8.1 Writing and Graphing Inequalities
 - Section 8.2 Solving Inequalities Using Addition or Subtraction
 - Section 8.3 Solving Inequalities Using Multiplication or Division
 - Section 8.4 Solving Two-Step Inequalities
- **6.EE.9** Use variables to represent two quantities in a real-world problem that change in relationship to one another; write an equation to express one quantity, thought of as the dependent variable, in terms of the other quantity, thought of as the independent variable. Analyze the relationship between the dependent and independent variables using graphs and tables, and relate these to the equation.
 - **Section 9.1** Mapping Diagrams
 - Section 9.2 Functions as Words and Equations
 - Section 9.3 Input-Output Tables
 - Section 9.4 Graphs
 - Section 9.5 Analyzing Graphs

Domain: Geometry

Standards

- **6.G.1** Find the area of right triangles, other triangles, special quadrilaterals, and polygons by composing into rectangles or decomposing into triangles and other shapes; apply these techniques in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.
 - Section 6.4 Areas of Composite Figures
 - Section 7.5 Finding Dimensions of Plane Figures
- **6.G.2** Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with fractional edge lengths by packing it with unit cubes of the appropriate unit fraction edge lengths, and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths of the prism. Apply the formulas $V = \ell wh$ and V = bh to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with fractional edge lengths in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.
 - **Section 7.6** Finding Dimensions of Prisms
 - Lesson 7.6b Volume and Surface Area
- **6.G.3** Draw polygons in the coordinate plane given coordinates for the vertices; use coordinates to find the length of a side joining points with the same first coordinate or the same second coordinate. Apply these techniques in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.
 - Topic 4 The Coordinate Plane
- **6.G.4** Represent three-dimensional figures using nets made up of rectangles and triangles, and use the nets to find the surface area of these figures. Apply these techniques in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.
 - Lesson 7.6b Volume and Surface Area

Domain: Statistics and Probability

- **6.SP.1** Recognize a statistical question as one that anticipates variability in the data related to the question and accounts for it in the answers.
 - Section 5.4 Mean
- **6.SP.2** Understand that a set of data collected to answer a statistical question has a distribution which can be described by its center, spread, and overall shape.
 - Section 5.4 Mean
 - Section 5.5 Median, Mode, and Range
 - Section 5.6 Analyzing Data Sets
 - **Lesson 5.6b** Data Displays

- **6.SP.3** Recognize that a measure of center for a numerical data set summarizes all of its values with a single number, while a measure of variation describes how its values vary with a single number.
 - Section 5.4 Mean
 - Section 5.5 Median, Mode, and Range
 - Lesson 5.6b Data Displays
- **6.SP.4** Display numerical data in plots on a number line, including dot plots, histograms, and box plots.
 - Lesson 5.6b Data Displays
- **6.SP.5** Summarize numerical data sets in relation to their context, such as by:
 - a. Reporting the number of observations.
 - Section 5.4 Mean
 - Section 5.5 Median, Mode, and Range
 - Section 5.6 Analyzing Data Sets
 - **b.** Describing the nature of the attribute under investigation, including how it was measured and its units of measurement.
 - Section 5.4 Mean
 - Section 5.5 Median, Mode, and Range
 - Section 5.6 Analyzing Data Sets
 - **c.** Giving quantitative measures of center (median and/or mean) and variability (interquartile range and/or mean absolute deviation), as well as describing any overall pattern and any striking deviations from the overall pattern with reference to the context in which the data were gathered.
 - Section 5.4 Mean
 - Section 5.5 Median, Mode, and Range
 - Section 5.6 Analyzing Data Sets
 - Lesson 5.6b Data Displays
 - **d.** Relating the choice of measures of center and variability to the shape of the data distribution and the context in which the data were gathered.
 - Section 5.5 Median, Mode, and Range
 - Section 5.6 Analyzing Data Sets
 - Lesson 5.6b Data Displays